Media coverage of domestic violence

DOs & DON'Ts for reporters





KNOW THE FACTS

Anyone can experience domestic violence, and its effects often extend beyond physical injury.



COVER ALL PARTIES

Someone was harmed and someone caused harm. <u>Clearly acknowledge</u>
<u>the primary aggressor in the</u>
<u>situation</u>.



SEEK EXPERT COMMENT

Reports from law enforcement are one perspective. <u>Local domestic</u> <u>violence advocates can provide</u> <u>additional context</u>.



SHARE RESOURCES

Always include contact info for local crisis hotlines and shelters at the end of each story.





SENSATIONALIZE

Domestic violence can be extremely traumatic. <u>Embellishing doesn't serve</u> the facts or the public.



BLAME ANGER OR DRUGS

Abusers seek to maintain power and control over their victims. <u>Drugs</u> or poor <u>anger management</u> skills DO NOT excuse domestic violence.



MISLABEL

Calling it a "disturbance", "dispute", or "relationship problem" minimizes the danger and its effects on victims.



HARASS THE VICTIM'S FAMILY

Especially in homicides, give respect for the bereaved. If you must interview someone, <u>ask for a willing family spokesperson</u>.



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OCADSV is eager to work with journalists and local advocacy programs to improve news media coverage of domestic violence cases. Contact us with any questions or requests.

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